This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product name SDS no. Formulation # Supplier	 Air Wick Pure Aerosol Trigger - Fresh Berries D8287469 FF8277341 AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St, Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Product use	: Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays) Consumer use

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: AEROSOLS - Category 1
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: DANGER
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butane	≥30 - ≤60	106-97-8
ethanol	≥30 - <50	64-17-5
propane	≥10 - ≤30	74-98-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important sympton	<u>no/enceto, acute and delayed</u>
Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: Not applicable

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from up sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wa effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain an combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermicul and place in container for disposal according to local regul Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Cont material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. I emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste of	wind. Prevent entry into ash spillages into an d collect spillage with non- lite or diatomaceous earth lations (see Section 13). aminated absorbent Note: see Section 1 for
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a lice contractor.	if water-soluble. material and place in an ensed waste disposal
Methods and material for cor			
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materia information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or with Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unpu- entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care sho rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. I containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage ar- instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames appropriate personal protective equipment.	rotected personnel from uld be taken due to the If a large number of ccording to the through spilt material.

6. Accidental release measures

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	•	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butane	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.
ethanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.

<u>New Zealand</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butane	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethanol	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
propane	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

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Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: <34°C (<93.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
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9. Physical and chemical properties

•		
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies) Not available	:	
Partition coefficient: n-		Not applicable.
octanol/water	1	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Heat of combustion	:	36.26 kJ/g
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray

10. Stability and reactivity

-	-	
Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingre	edients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not or	ccur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).	
Incompatible materials	No specific data.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition proc should not be produced.	ducts

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butane ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat	658000 mg/m³ 124700 mg/m³ 7 g/kg	4 hours 4 hours -

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 0.066666667	
		Rabbit	-	minutes 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	400 mg 24 hours 20	-
		T GODIC		mg	
Conclusion/Summary	1		Į	<u>I</u>	ļ
Skin	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Eyes	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Respiratory	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Sensitisation					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	Based on available data	the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met	
Respiratory	Based on available data				
Germ Cell Mutagenicity				no not mot.	
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	ire not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	, the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Teratogenicity		,			
<u>relategenien</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	a, the classifica	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)				
Not available.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Achiration bazard					
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Not available.					
formation on likely myster					
nformation on likely routes f exposure	: Not available.				
otential acute health effects	S				
Eye contact	 No known significant eff 	fects or critical	hazards		
Inhalation	: No known significant ef				
Skin contact	: No known significant ef				
Ingestion	: No known significant ef				
	. No known orgrinioant en				

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11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Potential chronic health effects			

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1074 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Date of issue

12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary	Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butane	2.89	-	low
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
propane	1.09	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport information

ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
2.1	2	2.1	2.1
-	-	-	-
No.	No.	No.	No.
	UN1950 AEROSOLS 2.1 C	UN1950 AEROSOLS 2.1 2.1 - - - - UN1950 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS - -	UN1950UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.122.1Image: Constraint of the second

ADG	: <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381
Hazchem code	: Not applicable
ADR/RID	: <u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D)
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

14. Transport information		
ΙΑΤΑ	: <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802	
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.	

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Sche	duling of Medicines and Poisons
Not scheduled	
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Group Standard	Aerosols (Flammable)
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002515
Approved Handler Requirement	Not applicable.
Tracking Requirement	Not applicable.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 02/09/2024
Version	: 2 (Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
AEROSOLS - Catego	bry 1	On basis of test data
References	: Not available.	
Indicates informat	ion that has changed from previously issued	d version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.